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The Translational Revolution

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Treatment with the Oral CCR4 Antagonist RPT193 Results in Meaningful Changes in Cutaneous Biomarkers Detected by Transcriptomic Profiling of Tape-Strips

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No COIs to disclose



RPT193 (zelnecirnon) Targets Th2 Cells: Key Drivers of Inflammation in Atopic Dermatitis, Asthma, and Other Diseases

Signaling via CCR4 regulates Th2 cell migration into inflamed tissues and enhances cytokine secretion

Allergens, Microbes

CCL17 (TARC)

Alarmins: TSLP, IL-33

Epithelial Barrier Surface

RPT193 (zelnecirnon) is a potent and selective oral CCR4 antagonist that specifically inhibits Th2 cell migration and activation.

CCL22 (MDC)

CCR4

Th2

− anti-IL5/R Ab

IL-4 anti-IL4Rα Ab

anti-IL13Ab

Th2 cells are recruited via CCR4 into inflamed tissues

Inflammation
Thickening
Itch

Cytokines

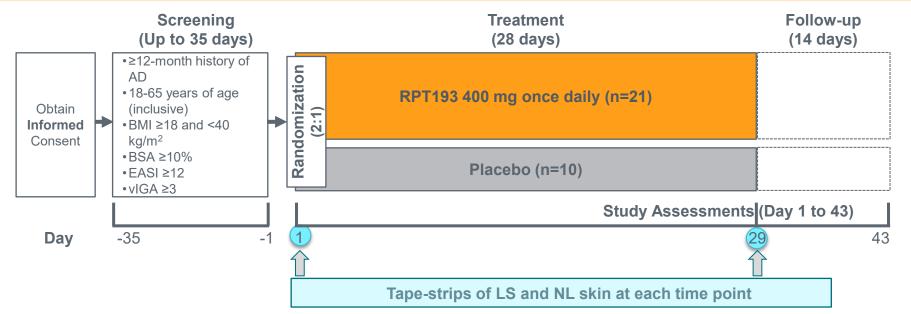
IL-5

IL-13 %





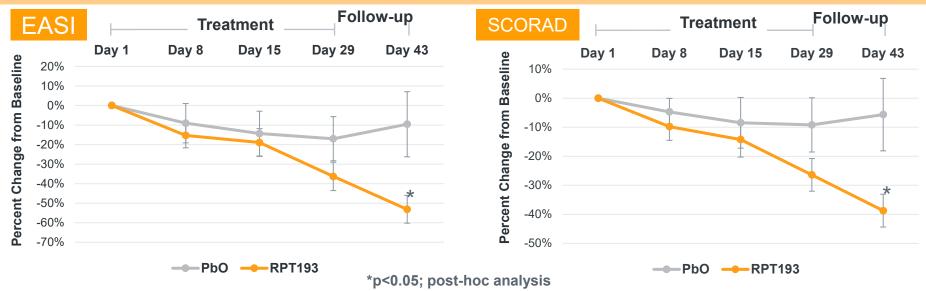
Phase 1b Trial Explored RPT193 Activity in Subjects with Moderate-to-Severe Atopic Dermatitis



- Phase 1b trial part of a broader study including healthy volunteers to investigate single and multiple doses of RPT193
- Double-blind, randomized, monotherapy study
- Primary and secondary endpoints were safety and PK
 - Trial was not powered for clinical endpoints (EASI and SCORAD were exploratory endpoints)
- In addition to tape-strips, skin biopsies, plasma and whole-blood biomarker assessments were performed (data not shown)



RPT193: Previously Reported Phase 1b Data



RPT193 demonstrated improvement compared to placebo in EASI and SCORAD at Day 29 with further deepening of response at Day 43

Once-daily, oral RPT193 was well tolerated after 28 days of dosing



To further characterize the molecular mechanism of action of RPT193

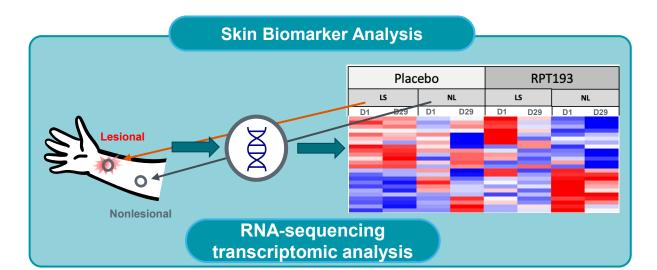
 This study on the MOA aimed to evaluate the effect of RPT193 on AD biomarkers using tape-strips, a novel, noninvasive skin sampling approach to evaluate treatment response





Methods

- Tape-strips collected from lesional and adjacent nonlesional skin of patients treated with RPT193 (n=20) or placebo (n=10)
- For each sampled site, 16 consecutive tape-strips were placed and removed
- mRNA extracted from the tape-strips were analyzed with RNA sequencing
- Statistical and correlation analysis with clinical severity scores





Patient Demographics

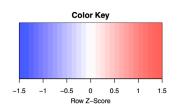
Patient characteristics are balanced between treatment arms

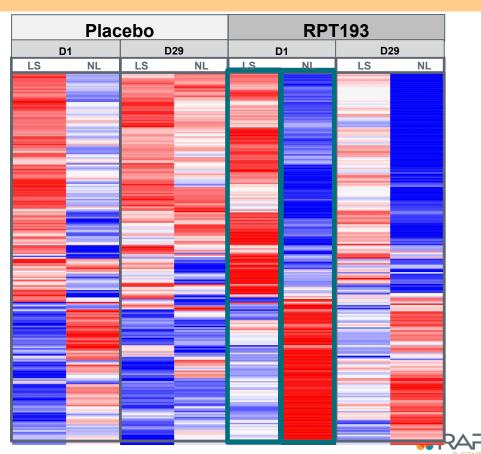
	Placebo		RPT193		
	n = 10		n = 20		p-value
Age (years)					0.42
Mean (Standard Deviation)	35.8 (14.8)		40.5 (13.6)		
Range	22-64		19-63		
Sex	n	%	n	%	0.44
Male	6	60%	8	40.0%	
Female	4	40%	12	60.0%	
Race	n	%	n	%	0.61
Black	5	50.0%	7	35.0%	
White	5	50.0%	11	55.0%	
Asian	0	0%	2	10%	
IGA	•				0.75
Mean (Standard Deviation)	3.2 (0.4)		3.2 (0.4)		
Range	3-4		3-4		
EASI					0.39
Mean (Standard Deviation)	21.1 (9.4)		18.2 (5.7)		
Range	13.6-45.5		12-30		
BSA					0.84
Mean (Standard Deviation)	24.5 (15.1)		23.4 (11.7)		
Range	10-61		11-55		
NRS					0.62
Mean (Standard Deviation)	7.3 (2.1)		6.9 (2)		
Range	3-10		3-10		
SCORAD			<u> </u>		0.95
Mean (Standard Deviation)	56.6 (12.4)		56.9 (11.9)		
Range	41-81.4		36.6-82.4		
POEM			*****		0.34
Mean (Standard Deviation)	20.2 (6.3)		17.8 (6.7)		
Range	9-28		3-28		
DLQI					0.88
Mean (Standard Deviation)	12.5 (6.4)		12.9 (8.1)		5.00
Range	2-24		2-29		



RPT193 Modulates the Lesional AD Transcriptome Towards a Non-Lesional Phenotype (|FCH|>2, p<0.05)

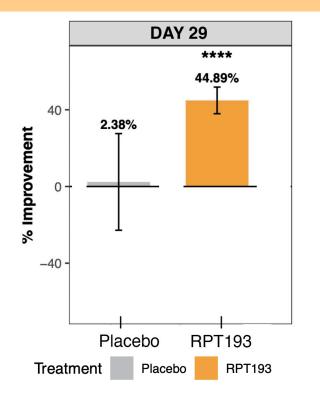
	Lesional vs. Non-Lesional						
		Day vs. Baseline	Up	Down			
193	N.	Day 1	989	2412			
RPT193	LS vs.	Day 29	810	3773			
ebo	N.	Day 1	463	582			
Placebo	LS vs.	Day 29	428	513			

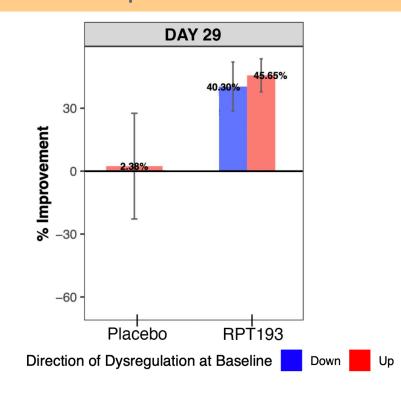






RPT193 Induces Improvement of the Dysregulation Seen in the AD Immune Transcriptome





*: p<0.05 **: p<0.01 ***: p<0.001 ****: p<0.0001

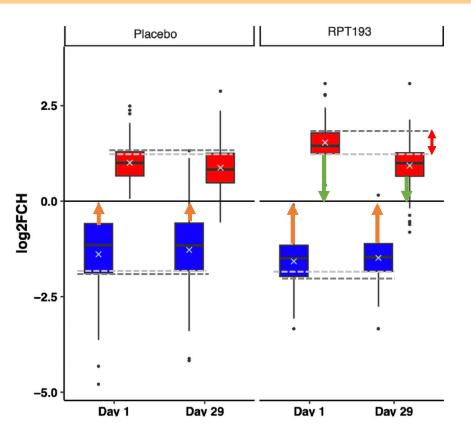
Black = comparison of mean % Improvement to 0







RPT193 Reduces Dysregulation of the Lesional Immune Transcriptome Towards that of Non-Lesional Tissue



Mean dysregulation of upregulated genes attenuated more with RPT193 at Day 29

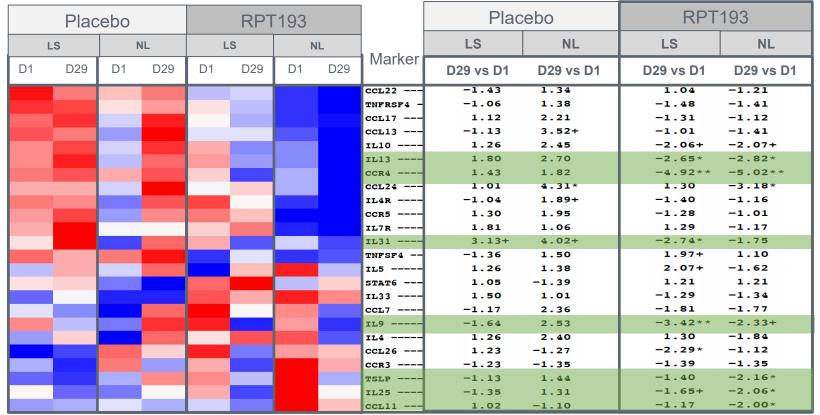
Day 1/Baseline

Day 29





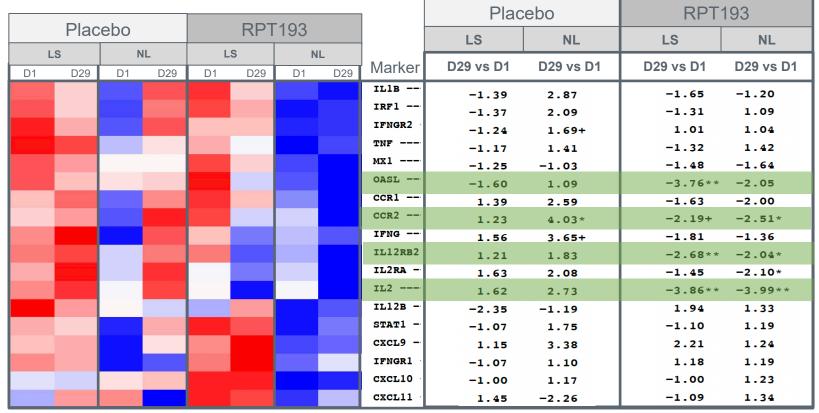
Key AD Immune Pathways are Significantly Modulated with RPT193: Th2







Key AD Immune Pathways are Significantly Modulated with RPT193: Th1









Key AD Immune Pathways are Significantly Modulated with RPT193: Th17/Th22

	Placebo			RPT193		RPT193			Pla	cebo	RPT	193
	LS	NL		L	s	N	L		LS	NL	LS	NL
D1	D29	D1 [029	D1	D29	D1	D29	Marker	D29 vs D1	D29 vs D1	D29 vs D1	D29 vs D1
								S100A8 S100A9 CAMP	-1.10 1.06 -1.10	1.00 1.14 1.53	-1.84+ -2.06* -3.37*	-1.55 -1.59 -1.87
								SERPINB4 CXCL1 CXCL2	1.13 -1.59 -1.75	1.34 1.80 1.82	-2.06+ -2.28+ -1.48	-1.20 -1.86 -1.17
								STAT3 SERPINB1 IL17RA	1.10 -1.06 -1.04	1.84+ 2.34+ 1.61	-1.22 -1.30 -1.28	1.01 -1.02 1.09
								CCL20 CXCL3 IL23A	1.05 -1.48 -1.41 -1.35	2.57 1.04 1.06	-1.68 -1.72 -1.07	1.56 1.30 1.69
								PI3 S100P S100A7 KRT1	1.01 -1.19 1.05	1.09 -2.26 -3.67	-3.43** -2.12* -1.87+ -2.42	1.04 1.20 -1.29
								AHR LOXL2	1.18 1.30 1.35	1.24 2.16 14.30**	1.08 -1.24 -1.88	-1.17 -1.10 1.03
								IL22 IL32 IL23R	1.64 1.26 1.59	2.93 1.50 1.49	-5.00** -2.00+ -1.72	-4.92** -2.33* -2.01+
								IL17F CCR6 KRT10	1.13 1.09 1.14	7.66** 2.43 -8.37*	-1.95 -2.40* -1.93	-2.94* -2.63** -1.05
								FLG CALML5 LCN2 RORC	-1.18 -1.25 1.19 1.19	-2.86 -3.85* -3.59+ -1.74	-1.10 -1.79 -1.83 1.32	-1.31 -1.13 1.12 -1.13

Comparisons of Change from Baseline (Day 1): +: p<0.1 *: p<0.05 **: p<0.01





Key Itch Markers are Significantly Modulated by Treatment

	Plac	cebo RPT193 Placebo		RPT193		cebo	RPT ²	193				
	LS	NI	L	L	_S	N	L		LS	NL	LS	NL
D1	D29	D1	D29	D1	D29	D1	D29		D29 vs D1	D29 vs D1	D29 vs D1	D29 vs D1
								S100A9 - CXCL1 JAK3 S100P S100A7 -	1.06 -1.59 1.07 1.01 -1.19	1.14 1.80 1.88 1.09	-2.06* -2.28+ -2.02+ -2.12* -1.87+	-1.59 -1.86 -2.56* 1.04
								TAC1 OSMR PIK3CA -	1.08 -1.30 -1.10	-2.23 -2.29 -1.57	-4.50** -1.60 1.48*	
								CTLA4 IL13 IL31	1.20 1.80 3.13+	1.06 2.70 4.02+	-1.85+ -2.65* -2.74*	-2.09* -2.82* -1.75
								CALCA	1.08 1.05	1.21 1.56	1.04 1.80+	-1.94+ -1.34
								KLK7 KLK6 IL18	-1.04 1.36 -1.00	-3.47+ -2.34 -3.01*	-3.72** -3.83** -1.08	
								POMC GRP BDNF	-1.68 1.01 -1.26	-4.21** -1.32 -1.22	-1.55 1.13 -1.38	-1.88+ -1.66* -1.76*
								IL31RA - F2RL3 LPA	1.10 -1.10 -1.11	1.10 1.92 1.41	1.50 -1.44 -1.33	-1.13 1.10 -1.33
								HTR7 OPRM1	-1.26 1.15	2.04 1.80	1.20 1.12	-1.61+ -1.72*

Comparisons of Change from Baseline (Day 1): + : p<0.1

* : p<0.05 ** : p<0.01





score

EASI

NRS SCORE

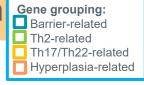
Correlations	between AD Biomarker and	
Disease Severity	Score Changes in Lesional S	Skin

	Spearman R	p-value
SGMS2	0.62	0.001
SPHK2	0.58	0.003
SPTLC2	0.57	0.004
S100A7A	0.53	0.008
SERPINB4	0.53	0.008
UGCG	0.49	0.014
S100A7	0.49	0.015
DEFB4A	0.49	0.016
TGM3	0.48	0.018
GBA	0.47	0.021
CNFN	0.47	0.022
SPRR2D	0.46	0.023
IL22	0.46	0.024
SAMD8	0.45	0.027
S100A9	0.44	0.031
EREG	0.44	0.033
KRT79	0.43	0.036
SPRR2G	0.42	0.041
PLA2G4D	0.42	0.041
GM2A	0.41	0.047
S100A8	0.41	0.048
ALOX12B	0.41	0.048
LCN2	0.41	0.049
SPRR1A	0.40	0.051
IL36A	0.36	0.080
IL7	0.36	0.082
KRT1	0.35	0.089

		Spearman R	p-value
	UGCG	0.52	0.010
	TGM3	0.52	0.010
	PPL	0.51	0.012
	CNFN	0.50	0.014
	SPHK2	0.48	0.018
	KRT2	0.46	0.023
	KRT79	0.46	0.024
	EREG	0.46	0.025
	SGPP2	0.45	0.028
٦	IL17C	0.45	0.029
4	CCL25	0.45	0.029
<u>Y</u>	CERS3	0.45	0.030
	S100A7A	0.44	0.032
ر	GBA	0.44	0.033
מ	KRT1	0.44	0.034
	SPRR1A	0.43	0.035
	IL1RL2	0.41	0.048
	TGM1	0.41	0.049
	KRT23	0.41	0.051
	ALOX12B	0.40	0.055
	DEFB4A	0.40	0.055
	IL36RN	0.39	0.057
	S100A14	0.39	0.063
	SERPINB4	0.39	0.063
	S100A9	0.36	0.083
	S100A7	0.35	0.091

	Spearman R	p-value
TCHH	0.55	0.005
JAM2	0.53	0.007
L4	0.46	0.025
GJB5	0.45	0.026
CSTA	0.43	0.036
IL17C	0.41	0.049
CCR6	0.39	0.056
S100A14	0.39	0.059
CX3CR1	0.39	0.063
KRT1	0.38	0.065
TXLNA	0.36	0.088
EREG	0.35	0.092
		n velue
	pearman R	p-value

		Spearman R	p-value
	CXCL10	-0.60	0.022
	STAT6	-0.58	0.021
Score	LPL	-0.46	0.018
Q	CCL1	-0.45	0.016
S	IL5	-0.42	0.015
	IFNA1	-0.40	0.014
EASI	FFAR2	-0.38	0.008
	AGK	-0.37	0.008
	CDH19	-0 37	0 004
	PDE9A	-0.36	0.003
	ANXA6	-0.35	0.001

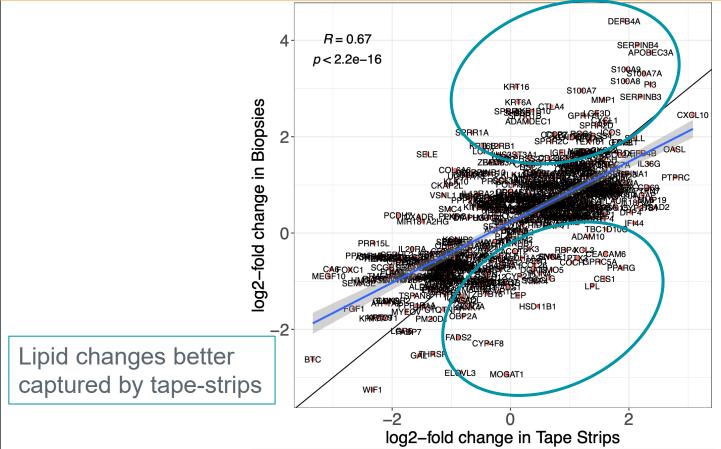


		Spearman R	p-value
	FABP4	-0.51	0.084
	PSAP	-0.49	0.085
	LCK	-0.49	0.095
	IL12RB2	-0.47	0.094
	PSORS1C2	-0.45	0.092
	CDH5	-0.43	0.088
	IFNG	-0.39	0.059
	FGF17	-0.38	0.056
	IL2RA	-0.37	0.049
	CXCL13	-0.36	0.026
	IL6R	-0.35	0.005

		Spearman R	p-value
	LPL	-0.59	0.033
	CXCL10	-0.53	0.032
	IL5	-0.50	0.030
	STAT6	-0.37	0.014
5	IFNG	-0.46	0.029
5	IFNA1	-0.46	0.029
C)	CCL1	-0.45	0.028
S	ANXA6	-0.43	0.025
_	CDH19	-0.42	0.024
_	APOL1	-0.39	0.023
	PSAP	-0.38	0.018
	ACI Y	-0.36	0 012
	CD1B	-0.35	0.010



The MADAD Transcriptomic Profile of LS vs NL Skin at Day 29 is Similarly Captured by Tape-Strips and Biopsies



Epidermal
hyperplasia
better captured
by biopsies





Conclusions

- Data from the Phase 1b study in subjects with AD demonstrated clear benefit on all key exploratory endpoints including EASI and SCORAD
- RPT193 induces normalization of the AD immune transcriptome
- Normalization of the lesional immune transcriptome towards NL is greater with RPT193 than with placebo
- Significant improvements from baseline were seen in Th1-, Th2- and Th17/Th22related genes with RPT193, but not with placebo
- Correlations of skin biomarkers central to AD disease with clinical end points highlight the utility of tape-strips
- Tape-strips captured changes in the MADAD transcriptome comparable to skin biopsy samples
- Tape-strips are a minimally invasive method that can accurately capture molecular changes with treatment over time, and may be a useful tool to objectively capture changes in skin biology